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The Daily Colonist.

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VOL. LXXXI.--NO. 41 VICTORIA B. C. SATURDAY JANUARY 28 1899. FORTY-SECOND YEAR

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We carry a complete line of Spectacles and Eye Glasses,
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Don't do it again or you WILL get hurt.
ASPARAGUS TIPS 25c
CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb. . 25c
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WILSON BROTHERS
WHOLESALE GROCERS
Have the largest and best selected stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENTS, etc. We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.
76, 79 and 80, Wharf Street, Victoria, B.C.

To The Atlin Lake Gold Fields
We are again in the field as outfitters for the Klondike and Atlin Lake Gold Fields.
GOLD
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30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
RELIABLE GOODS
UNEXCELLED SERVICE
REASONABLE PRICES
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62 Douglas St.
RALPH CHURTON
Will sell at early date, by order of a gentleman leaving for England, a large quantity of
Household Furniture and General Effects.

HO! FOR THE GOLD FIELDS.
V. Y. T. CO.
Owners of Lake Bennett Sawmills.
Manufacturers of lumber of all descriptions, Traders and Freighters
Builders of Boats and Barges.
THROUGH RATES given from any city on the Coast to all points on the upper Yukon river. Goods shipped now can be stored in the company's warehouse at Bennett until opening of navigation. For further particulars call or address
The Victoria-Yukon Trading Co., Ltd., Victoria, B.C.

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Chewing Tobacco
— IN —
7s, 3s and 12s
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SIMON LEISER & CO.
Wholesale Grocers
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Is King for increasing the flow of milk.
Very cheap. Manufactured by.....
THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., Ltd

THE KING OF ALL COFFEES—
Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand
Coffee, in 1 or 2-lb. Tins. All Grocers Keep It.
Sterling Silver Waltham Watches \$6.50
FULLY GUARANTEED.
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LIMITED.
Seagram's Whiskey.
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COLUMBIA FLOURING MILLS CO.,
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Open Daily From 7 a.m. to 12 noon.
Continuous quotations over private wires.
New York Stocks.
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It is difficult to quote shares in the morning papers as the prices often change after they are given to the papers.
We, therefore, ask you to call daily at our Exchange, where you can get the very latest quotations on all mining and other stocks.
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W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer
Is instructed to remove to salerooms, 77, 79 and 81 Douglas street, and sell
ON AN EARLY DATE
Elegant and Costly Furniture.
Contents of a 10-Roomed House.
Particulars and date will shortly be announced.
W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.
WANTED—Apprentice. Apply to Challoner & Mitchell, Jewellers, Government st.

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Pocket and Sheath Knives,
Compasses, Mining Glasses,
Gold Bags, Magr ells, Camp-
ing Cutlery, Belts, Hair
Clippers and Shears, etc. at...
Fox's, 78 Gov't St.

FELL BENEATH A TRAIN
Revelstoke Clergyman Meets With Distressing Accident in Boarding Moving Car.
Missing His Footing He Falls to Track and Loses His Right Leg.

Special To The Colonist.
Albert Canyon, B.C., Jan. 27.—A very sad accident befell the Rev. F. Ford, English church clergyman of Revelstoke, while here this afternoon. The reverend gentleman had been to Beaver on a visit to a former parishioner and returning on to-day's train got off at Albert Canyon to see friends at the station. While the train was moving out he made two attempts to board it, but each car was vestibuled with closed doors. Although the station agent shouted to him to keep clear he made a last attempt to mount the front platform of the sleeping car. Unfortunately he missed his footing and releasing his hold fell between the station platform and the wheels of the car, which ran over his right leg just below the knee. The agent succeeded in stopping the train and the unfortunate gentleman was put on and taken to Revelstoke hospital. Medical aid awaited him there and it was found necessary to amputate the limb.
Much sympathy is felt for him in town. He is exceedingly popular and much beloved among his parishioners, and is well known in Vancouver and throughout the province.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

MINING SHARES
Stock Quotations.
3,000 Rambler - - - 27
4,000 Dardanelles - - 16½
5,000 Van Anda - - - 3½
5,000 Georgia - - - 2
1,500 Noble Five - - - 17
1,000 Iron Colt - - - 11
Watch
Rambler and Noble Five.
WANTED
Crow's Nest Coal Co. shares
A. W. More & Co.,
Stock Brokers,
86 Government Street.

TO THE ELECTORS
OF THE VICTORIA CITY ELECTORAL
DISTRICT.

We again ask your votes and influence. We were returned by large majorities in July last and we ask a renewal of that confidence then expressed. We stand for Constitutional and Responsible Government and are opposed to Personal Government and the invasion upon the rights of the people by the unwarranted dismissal of the late Ministry and packing the Legislative Assembly. The development of the natural resources of the Province will ever be a matter of first importance with us. We are opposed to all legislation which excludes capital. We are opposed to the dissemination of views that engender sectional feeling between the Mainland and the Island, but we will oppose any redistribution measure introduced by the Government that has for its object the weakening of the Island voice in the government of the Province.
The declared policy of the Government to reduce the representation of this Constituency and that of others on the Island will have our vigorous opposition.
A progressive railway policy will always have our support and advocacy.
J. H. TURNER,
RICH'D HALL,
A. E. McPHILLIPS.

ASSAY OFFICE.
BROUGHTON STREET.
W. J. R. Cowell, B.A., F.G.S.,
assayer to the local banks. Assays on all kinds of ores.
Gold dust melted, assayed and purchased for cash at its full value.
REDUCED PRICE—For want of room we will sell a certain amount of feed and potatoes at a reduction. Hartman & Co., 73 Yates street.
APPLES, APPLES, APPLES—From 75 cents to \$1 per box, all repacked and in fine condition. Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market. Telephone 115.

A GOVERNOR BOYCOTTED.
Sir Herbert Murray Departs from Newfoundland Without Any Public Farewells.

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 27.—Sir Herbert Murray, the retiring governor of Newfoundland, who is to be succeeded by Sir Henry Edward McCallum, late governor and commander-in-chief of Lagos, West Africa, has sailed for England. Owing to the unfriendly relations he sustained, in consequence of his methods toward both political parties in the island, there was no popular demonstration of regret at his departure. No public or semi-public bodies accompanied him to the steamer, and no gathering of citizens witnessed his leaving. The whole affair was unique in the history of the colony, Sir Herbert Murray having been the first retiring governor who had left the colony without receiving farewell addresses from the leading dignitaries of church, state, commerce and the learned professions.

NEWS OF THE CAPITAL
Rod in Pickle for Conservative
Employee on Chamby Canal
—New Militia List.
Drug Analysis Shows Half the
Samples Below Standard—
German Discrimination.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Ottawa, Jan. 27.—A new Militia List, corrected to January 1st, was issued to-day.
G. A. Mothersill of the railways and canals department has been appointed a commissioner to investigate charges of political partisanship against officials of the Chamby canal.
Germany's discrimination against Canadian cereals is figured out to be as high as 13 cents per bushel. Canadian exports of food products to Germany have never been great, peas being the principal commodity.
Out of twenty-two samples of drugs analyzed by the inland revenue department eleven only were found to be up to the standard of the British Pharmacopoeia.

BARBARIANS IN CONGO.
Natives Made Desperate by Excessive Greed and Cruelty of Traders.
Brussels, Jan. 27.—It is admitted that the rebellion in the Congo Free State is of the most serious nature and that the whole state may lapse into barbarism. The uprising is due to excess of commercial exploitation by the trading companies. Instances are cited of native villages which did not give the desired quota of rubber being burned and the inhabitants massacred. As a result the negroes have been fighting with the violence of desperation and in the conflicts have been uniformly successful.

DISASTER IN JAMAICA.
Town Almost Destroyed by Fire — A Very Severe Earthquake.
Kingston, Jamaica, Jan. 27.—A very severe earthquake which was felt throughout this island on Saturday morning was followed by another one Tuesday night, the direction being from west to east. No damage has been reported. The northern West Indies are telegraphically cut off. The reason is unknown, but in all probability it is due to an earthquake.
The town of Porus, the island terminus of the central line of the Jamaica railroad, has been almost destroyed by fire, involving heavy losses. There were no fatalities, however. The fire raged unopposed, owing to the want of water.

THE SPIRIT WRESTLERS.
First Batch Kindly Welcomed at Winnipeg—Smallpox on the Second Steamer.

Winnipeg, Jan. 27.—(Special)—The Doukhobors arrived here safely to-day on the Canadian Pacific special, after a quick run from Montreal. All are in the best of spirits, and comment on their neat and cleanly appearance in general. About 600 were given warm dinners on arrival by a committee of ladies, and others were dispatched direct to provincial penitentiaries.
A Halifax despatch says the Lake Superior, with 2,100 more Doukhobors, has arrived there. There is smallpox on board, with one death therefrom, and the entire party will be detained in quarantine.
More cases of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, can be cured in less time, with less medicine, and for less money, by using Carter's Little Liver Pills, than by any other means.

"Navy Cut"
30 Cents -- 4 Ounces
15 Cents -- 2 Ounces
...HARRY SALMON...

TRADE OF THE WEEK.
Wheat and Cotton Advance Helped by Appearance of Speculative Demand.
Canadian Reports Indicate No Special Features Though Outlook Is Favorable.

By Associated Press.
New York, Jan. 27.—Bradstreet's review of to-morrow will say: The apparently steady rise in the tide of general business has been diversified this week by an outburst of speculative interest in a number of staples, notably cotton and wheat, which heretofore have registered steady gains on actual consumptive demand rather than on the development of market bullish speculation. Exceptional industrial activity, particularly in the iron and steel trades, is another feature of note, and here, too, prices are advancing, reflecting, so far as can be seen, chiefly the urgency of consumers' requirements, the claim in fact being made that speculation has not, as yet, entered into the buying in this branch of industry. The same claim, however, can hardly be made as regards a number of movements towards consolidation in this and other industries, where in fact the movement towards combination is described as approaching a virtual craze. While it is hardly possible to fix the entire responsibility for bullishness in wheat and cotton upon the movement which so far has proved so successful in stocks, the claim is freely made that considerable profits realized in the stock market have found expression in the channels of staple food and textile distribution. Stocks at home and abroad continue smaller than a year ago and the United States still continues to furnish about 80 per cent. of the world's supply, although exports recently show a falling off. Improvement in cotton dates back, primarily, to the record breaking low prices reached last autumn on estimates of the immense yield of the American crop, while the improved situation of domestic manufactured goods, the enlarged shipments abroad, and the tendency, supported by reduced crop movement of late, to minimize large estimates is reflected in the steadiness of recent advances. Activity in demand for nearly all classes of iron and steel is reflected in advance orders for nearly every class of pig iron and in steel billets, rails and plates. Better reports are received from the lumber trade in a number of cities and all the old advances are maintained with confidence in the outlook for spring business. Wool, though firm, is slow of sale. General industry is reported actively, notably soft coal, mining and shipbuilding.
Bank clearings at all the principal United States cities for the week ending Jan. 27 as telegraphed to Bradstreet's show total clearings \$2,144,769,474, an increase of 6.9 per cent., as compared with the corresponding period of last year. In the Dominion of Canada the clearances were as follows:
Montreal, Inc. 35.0 p.c. \$18,019,119
Toronto, Inc. 13.8 p.c. 8,900,108
Winnipeg, Inc. 32.4 p.c. 1,642,095
Halifax, Inc. 15.7 p.c. 1,176,296
Hamilton, Inc. 27 p.c. 679,355
Vancouver 574,235
Victoria 563,798

New York, Jan. 27.—Dun's review says: Canadian reports indicate a comparatively quiet business at nearly all points, but the prospects are considered hopeful. Country stocks are reported lighter than usual at St. John and prospects good for the spring trade. Business compares favorably with last year's at Halifax, and prospects continue fair, with good business generally. At Quebec travellers are sending in more and large orders than a year ago; shoe manufacturers are more busy, and collections are good. The situation at Montreal is healthy, with a tendency to firmness in many lines, and collections on the whole are good. Toronto reports a good demand for spring dry goods and fair business in groceries, and with active trade in leather, hardware and metals. Manufacturing and wholesale trade is satisfactory at Hamilton, though trade is quiet. The wholesale trade at Victoria is unchanged; business is quiet, with collections fair. Wholesale and retail trade at Vancouver has been quiet with bank clearings somewhat smaller than usual, but collections about average.

BAULK AT ARMY BILL.
House Opposition So Strong That Increase Stops at Sixty Thousand.
Washington, Jan. 27.—The opposition to the army reorganization bill on the Republican side of the house has become so strong that to-day chairman Hall decided it would be wise in order to insure its passage to abandon the idea of providing directly for a regular army of 100,000 men.
He announced that the committee would offer amendments to increase the number of enlisted men to about 60,000 but lodge in the President's discretion the authority to increase the army to a maximum of 100,000.

WORK ESTATE IN LINE

Opposition Candidates Receive Another Hearty Reception in the North End.

Mr. Turner Refutes the Statement That He Supplied Pipe to the Government.

Another section of the city, the Work Estate, last evening declared for the opposition candidates and the principles for which they stand. The meeting was held in John Bros' hall, which was well filled with residents of the vicinity, both ladies and gentlemen. The feature of the meeting was the complete refutation by Mr. Turner of the charge made in last evening's Times that his firm had supplied pipe to the government for some work done at Nelson. He showed that the pipe was supplied by the British Columbia Pottery Company.

Ald. Kinsman was voted to the chair and after asking those present to vote for the three opposition candidates, called on Mr. McPhillips.

Mr. McPhillips said that attempts to cast ridicule on him by the evening Times did not effect him in the least. The attention they were giving to him simply showed that they were meeting with strong opposition. A great deal was said about the Cassiar Railway railway subsidy. As a matter of fact Mr. Sifton, minister of the interior, in asking the Commons to vote a grant for the Teslin railway pointed out that the grant to the Cassiar Railway Company had not been sufficient to float that project. If the grant was not sufficient to float the project there seemed to be no reason why Mr. Higgins should have succeeded from the late government on that account.

The government were making a bid for the votes of Victorians by stating that if their candidates were elected Victoria would be represented in the cabinet. If they were sincere in this, said Mr. McPhillips, why did they not appoint one of the candidates to the cabinet at once? That would be the simplest way to go about it. Should one of their candidates by any chance be elected, and he was taken into the cabinet, he would have to seek re-election. Would it not be saying a lot of trouble and expense to appoint him at once. The reason was that they were not sincere; their majority was so insecure that they were afraid to appoint anybody to the cabinet. If they appointed one, they could not afford the others and their state-made majority would vanish. Should they appoint anyone to Mr. Hume's place they would lose Nelson.

A Voice—They will lose that anyhow. Now the government were denying that they proposed to cut down the representation of Victoria. At Cowichan Mr. Sword, who claimed to have the ear of the government, and had been elected there, had said that the island constituencies were over-represented. Surely the Premier and Mr. Sword would be believed in preference to the Attorney-General.

The Attorney-General appeared to be willing to throw the province into a fight with the Dominion government. Mr. McPhillips did not believe that the pipe of British Columbia was a soundly made pipe. He would always stand up for provincial rights but there was nothing to be gained by fighting the federal authorities; they should rather help to strengthen the great federal authorities. (Applause.)

As the opposition members sat in their card, they would not agree to the undue weakening of the island representation. That meant that their policy was for fair representation for all parts of the province. The Attorney-General at Alberni had the hardihood to say that any railway in the province could have been built without a subsidy. If that was so, why had it been necessary for the Dominion government to give the Crow's Nest Pass railway a subsidy of \$11,000 a mile? Was all very well for the government to say that they would not embark in any railway enterprises in the province. If those gentlemen had been in power in past years there would be no railways in the province to-day. As to the parliament buildings contract, he had it from an architect, who had in no way been connected with the building that no contractor had made any money out of the contract. If that was the case surely there could not have been anything wrong in connection with the contract.

The Times under the heading "Unmanly Conduct" had charged him with making a "savage attack on Mr. Deane at the Victoria West meeting." As a matter of fact he had referred to Mr. Deane at Victoria West, but he would repeat what he had said about that gentleman at other meetings. His conduct in voting to secure himself in his seat was certainly unbecoming. Any man would feel delicate in doing such a thing. All that could think was that Mr. Deane must have been under control when he voted as he did. In the same article it was said that the (Mr. McPhillips) had voted against the elections bill when he had grave doubts as to his right to sit in the house. The Attorney-General had said that he was not disqualified, but apart from that he had no doubt about his right to sit when he voted in that bill. It was not until January 12 that he received Mr. Dwyer's bill throwing some doubt on his right to sit and he did not sit in the house one second after the receipt of that letter. When a man sat in the house conscientiously believing he was right he could not be said to

Of Exquisitely Choice Flavor. No Nerve Disturbing Qualities.

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Largest Sale. Greatest Value.
"The World's Preference."

Lead Packets Only. 40c., 50c., 60c. All Grocers

be a guilty man. One thing was certain, he did not feel like getting some friend to introduce a bill to "null" him to his seat. (Applause.)

Mr. Hall did not think that Victorians were going to throw the opposition candidates out. The other constituencies had returned the candidates who had been forced to resign and he believed that the present party had no right to be in power. The Lieutenant-Governor had no right to dismiss Mr. Turner until a vote of the house had determined the standing of the two parties. After the present party had been given the reins of power they had increased their majority by statute and through the addition of a renegade member.

The government organ said Victoria would not be true to herself if they elected the opposition members. He had lived in Victoria, boy and man for close on 40 years. Mr. Turner had been here thirty years and Mr. McPhillips had all his interests here. Were they likely to do anything that would injure the people of Victoria? He thought not, and he believed the people of Victoria had sufficient confidence in them to believe as he did.

The government were more afraid of their own supporters than of anything else. Mr. Hume, it was said, had had enough of them; Premier Semlin would like to get out but if he gave up his seat Joe Martin would snatch it up and it would be good-bye Charlie. All that the Attorney-General would have to do when he got rid of Mr. Hume and Mr. Semlin, was to get rid of Mr. Cotton and then he could get the Governor to make him the whole government.

The Turner government had done well by the province; opening up the districts which would give a fair return for the expenditure. The members of the present government had preached sectionalism and called the Turner government a Victoria clique. If they were a Victoria clique they had had confidence in the rest of the province and had expended the revenue in opening up the Mainland districts. (Applause.)

Mr. Turner did not believe that the men elected in July last had done anything to forfeit the confidence of Victorians. The men had the same views as they held then and he was firmly of the opinion that the people had. It would be far better for him if he were not elected, but for one reason, before the general election it would be remembered he and his colleagues had been elected by the then opposition press and all kinds of charges of hoodlums were made against them, although the government supporters now denied that such charges had been made. He wanted the people of Victoria to show that they did not believe those charges. (Applause.)

The charge made in the evening paper that his firm had supplied sewer pipe to the government, while he was Premier, was then taken up by Mr. Turner. The Times, he said, had found another man's nest, but this time more ridiculous than usual. He could just see the members of the government spending their time plodding over the public accounts searching for what they could find, instead of attending to the business of the province. They came across the name of R. A. Kirk and one said: "Ah! Kirk, I know him; he is connected with the firm of Turner, Beeton & Co." and forthwith they prepare an article for the Times. It was very badly written. Now the facts of the case were these: Late in 1897 there was an epidemic of fever in Nelson and the health officers decided that it was caused by a wooden box sewer that ran through the town, in some places above the road. The medical men decided that vitrified pipe should be put down in place of the box drain and every effort was made to get the pipe in nearby cities but without success. They knew that the freight rates on pipes would be very high and therefore applied to Mr. Thompson, the manager for his firm at Nelson, and who was very well posted on rates, for information on the rates. He gave them the information and the authorities got Mr. Kirk, who was there at the time, to telegraph to Victoria for the pipe. The order was given by the British Columbia Pottery Company and they decided to pay the freight Mr. Kirk did so, as the pipe was badly needed and he also guaranteed the cost of the pipe, which he paid. The firm of Turner, Beeton & Co. had no pipe at the time, and Mr. Kirk guaranteed and paid the amount because the firm would not do so. The Times said an attempt had been made to hush up the transaction and that is why it was put in Mr. Kirk's name. If he had wished to hide transactions of the kind, why did he not hide up the transactions on account of which he had resigned in the same way. He had nothing to hide. (Applause.)

The people knew why his party were not in the government of British Columbia. They should have been in power until defeated in the house, for at the time he was dismissed he had as many supporters as the party now in power. The Lieutenant-Governor complained that he had not announced the result of the election to him. How could he announce the result of the election when all the electors were out? Then the governor said he was satisfied before the Cassiar election that public opinion was against the Turner government. He had no right to presume that. Take Kamloops for instance. The people of that district undoubtedly declared for Mr. Martin but unfortunately some of his supporters spoiled their ballots. Then there was Esquimalt. Mr. Higgins had been given the seat by one vote. That could not have been an expression of public opinion against the Turner government. When the house met the government had to seat two supporters by statute, otherwise the Lieutenant-Governor could not have continued to hold office after the action he had taken. When that bill was being discussed the Attorney-General retired to his bed. He called the attention of the government members to the fact and the answer was that he was in his room working. He was in his

room and in bed for he slept in the parliament buildings and did not pay any rent either. A great majority of the people, he believed, would declare against the unconstitutional methods of the government. (Applause.) The speaker referred to the disgraceful attack made by the Attorney-General on Mr. Price Ellison within the precincts of the house and said that as old as he was if the Attorney-General or any other man had attacked him as Mr. Ellison had been attacked, he would have tried to take care of himself. (Cheers.) Then the action of the Attorney-General in declaring in the house that Mr. Ellison was a bankrupt was a most cowardly thing. Of course here, where the Attorney-General was known, it would have no effect, but abroad there was no telling what harm it would do Mr. Ellison.

At Spring Ridge Mr. Patterson had said that the late government had given away acres of land to railway companies and none of the railways built by means of those grants had been successful. That was not a fact, for many of the railways built through the efforts of the late government had been successful. The policy was proved to be a good one and the late government intended to continue it. They had first developed the mining districts and had then turned their attention to the agricultural interests. As a result British Columbia fruit was being shipped East in large quantities and dairying was beginning to come to the front.

Mr. Turner spoke of the unfair manner in which the Times had twisted his statements regarding the decrease in the market value of the inscribed stock of the province which had fallen from 103 to 90. He had not said that this fall was due entirely to the degraded condition of the province. Since then he had found that the 3 per cent. of the province had fallen 4 per cent. during the last few months. During the same time the Canada 3 per cent. had only fallen 2 per cent., which made it look as though the facts were not contrary to the statement as credited to him by the evening paper. (Applause.)

All the legislation so far introduced by the government was in the direction of setting labor against capital. This was bad for the province as capitalists should be encouraged. Without capital there could be no well paid labor.

The speaker went into the question of the parliament buildings contract. After the work was done it was found that there was something due the contractors, so the matter was thoroughly enquired into and the money paid. A royal commission had since enquired into the matter and everything was shown to be as it should be. (Applause.)

After refuting the charge of the government that the late government had been sectional and showing that the people of Vancouver Island had contributed liberally to the development of the Mainland, Mr. Turner closed amid applause. A vote of thanks to the chair and cheers for the candidates brought the meeting to a close.

DRILL HALL CONCERT.

Programme Provided for the Performance This Evening.

The extra for the band concert in the Drill hall this evening will be a game of basket ball between the teams representing Victoria West and the Fifth regiment. Considerable interest is being taken in this game, as it will practically decide the championship in the intermediate league series.

Overture—"Poet and Peasant".....Suppe
Char. March—"A Soldier's Caprice".....Bolin
Spanish waltzes—"España".....Waldteufel
Selection from—"The Isle of Champagne".....Fant
Basket Ball—Victoria West vs 5th Regt.
Char. Piece—"The Irish Wedding".....Puerer
Basket Ball—Second Half
March—"Chillico".....Rosenover

IN BROCKVILLE

Dodd's Kidney Pills Have Done Wonderful Work.

They Have Saved Hundreds of Persons From Death Among Others Mr. Ed. N. Stowell, Who His Doctor Said Must Die of Bright's Disease.

Brockville, Jan. 28.—Hamilton undoubtedly has good cause to boast of the large number of lives saved by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills in that city. But Brockville is not whit behind the Ambitious City, in this respect.

There are hundreds of persons in Brockville who would, undoubtedly, have died of Kidney Disease, had it not been for Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Take the case of Mr. Ed. N. Stowell, for instance. Mr. Stowell is a commercial traveller, and lives at 213 Main St. For several years he was a constant sufferer from Kidney Disease—as most members of his profession are.

One of the most eminent physicians in Canada pronounced his trouble to be Bright's Disease, and said he could never get better. Mr. Stowell began to arrange his earthly affairs, having given up hope of recovery.

One night he read an advertisement telling how Dodd's Kidney Pills had cured many cases of Bright's Disease, even after the doctors had said they were incurable. He took them at once, and next day began using Dodd's Kidney Pills. To his intense surprise and delight he began to feel better, almost immediately.

Soon the change became so marked that his friends noted it, and wondered what caused the improvement.

C. P. N. Co., Ltd.

Steamers

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf for

DYEA, SKAGWAY, WRANGEL, As follows, viz:—

TEES, FEB. 1st

DANUBE " 8th

and from Vancouver at 12 o'clock noon following days.

For freight or passage apply at the office of Company, 64 Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C. The Company will serve the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

No. 14 of 1898.

NOTICE OF INTENDED SALE.

In the Exchequer Court of Canada. The British Columbia Admiralty District. Richard Williamson and Robert Hardy Williamson, carrying on business under the firm name and style of R. Williamson & Son, plaintiffs, against the ship "Manauense." Action to enforce mortgage.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the order of the Exchequer Court of Canada, the British Columbia Admiralty District, made in the above entitled action on the 19th day of January, 1899, and to a commission for sale issued on the said 19th day of January, 1899, to William Arthur Ward, Esq., as receiver in the said action, tenders will be received up to noon of Monday, the 27th day of February, 1899, for the purchase of the British steam ship

"MANAUENSE"

Registered at the port of Liverpool, England, official number 70700, now lying at the port of Esquimalt, B. C., also of the British steam ship "May," registered at the port of Vancouver, B. C., official number 107450, now lying at the port of Vancouver, B. C., also of the British steam ship "Vera," registered at the port of Vancouver, B. C., official number 107449, now lying at the port of Vancouver, B. C.

Full particulars of the above named vessels may be obtained either from the undersigned or from William Arthur Ward, Esq., receiver herein.

Terms of sale, cash.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 20th day of January, 1899.

TUPPER, PETERS & POTTS,

Solicitors for the Receiver.

Miss R. Stoddart A.V.C.M.

136 Menzies St. James Bay

PIANOFORTE AND THEORY
Pupil of Signor Tito Mattel, London, Eng.

Victoria Harbor Mission

Under Patronage of Bishop of Columbia

The Mission works amongst the sailors supplies the ships with a free grant of books and papers. The Seamen's Institute on Store street is free to sailors.

Subscriptions and all kinds of books and papers are earnestly asked for and may be sent to the Institute.

Address REV. W. E. H. ELLISON, Harbor Chaplain

MINES AND PROSPECTS

Examined and Reported on.
D. R. IRVINE for 12 years officer of H.M. Geological Survey, B. C.
Office at Swinerton and 6 years mining & Odey, Victoria, 3 C experience in B. C.

To Rent!!!!

Furnished House, 8 rooms, 2 lots, good garden. \$22 per month. Apply to Swinerton & Oddy, 106 Govt St.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session for an Act to incorporate a company, with all necessary and usual powers, for the purpose of constructing a line of railway from a point between the Telegraph Trail and the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway in British Columbia, thence in a northerly direction to Quesnel Forks or other point on the Nechane River in the District of Cariboo, thence in a northerly direction, crossing the Fraser River, along or following approximately the general route of the Telegraph Trail to a point on or near the Nechane River, thence in a northerly direction along or following the general route of the said Telegraph Trail to a point at or near Hazelton at the Forks of the Skeena River (with power to vary the said location from said point on the Nechane River, or by other shorter or more convenient route, to a point at or near Hazelton at the forks of the Skeena River; also with power to receive from any government, corporation or persons, grants of land, or money or other assets in aid of the construction of the undertaking; to acquire or construct, and to operate and maintain and to lease, construct, acquire, maintain and operate tramways, vessels, wharves, warehouses, docks and other works, and to conduct the business of carrying passengers and goods by water, and of warehousing generally; to erect and manage electrical works for the use and transmission of electrical power, and to acquire and make use of natural and other water powers for such purposes; to enter into traffic and other arrangements with other railway and transportation companies to lease or purchase stock and bonds; and with such other powers, rights and privileges as may be necessary or incidental to the working or for the purpose of the undertaking.

LEWIS & SMELLIE, Solicitors for the Applicants.

Dated at Ottawa this 24th day of December, 1898.

Canadian Pac. Navigation Co. Ltd

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

TIME TABLE, NO. 39

Takes effect January 1, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday; at 1 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. train No. 1.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2, going east Monday. For Plumper Pass—Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock. Leave New Westminster for Victoria—Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th, each month, at 8 o'clock.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Str. Queen City leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports, the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month; Quesnel and Cape Scott, 20th.

KLONDIKE ROUTE.

Steamers leave weekly for Wrangell, Juneau, Dyea and Skagway. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, Gen. Agent.

SAVE MONEY

Taking Most Direct

Route East

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

..AND..

SOO PACIFIC LINE

Through Palace and Tourist

Sleepers.

MINNEAPOLIS,
ST. PAUL,
TORONTO,
MONTREAL
AND BOSTON
Without Change

For rates, folders and all information, call on or address
B. W. GREER, Agent,
Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Steamship Tickets

To and from

EUROPE ..VIA..
St. John, Boston.

Halifax, New York.

And All Lines.

For all information as to sailings Rates, Etc., apply to
B. W. GREER,
Cor. Gov't and Fort Streets

Atlin Gold Fields

STEEL STEAMSHIP

AMUR

Leaves Porter's Wharf

Monday, January 30th

...FOR...

SKAGWAY, JUNEAU,
DYE, WRANGEL
and Way Ports.

For freight and passage rates apply
Bennett Lake & Klondike Nav. Co.

39 Government St., Victoria.

S.S. GUTCH

will sail to

Shoal Bay, Rivers Inlet,
Skeena River, Wrangell
Skagway and way ports

On the 4th of February at 8 p.m.

From Porter's Wharf

For rates and particulars apply to
HALL, GOEPPEL & CO.,
Agents, Victoria

White Pass and Yukon Route

The Pacific & Arctic R'y & Navigation Co.
British Columbia Yukon Railway Co.

From Skaguay, Alaska, to the Summit
of White Pass In a comfortable
Railway Train.

D. D. Jones has been appointed Customs Agent for the White Pass and Yukon Route in Alaska and British Columbia. He will make his headquarters at Skaguay. The appointment is made that patrons of the White Pass & Yukon Route will not be subject to troublesome delays or excessive duties.

150 POUNDS BAGGAGE FREE

INVESTIGATE FULLY DO NOT BE MISLED

We Guarantee Delivery at Lake Bennett or Atlin City.
Goods Shipped Through in Bond.

SKAGWAY IS THE GATEWAY

— TO —

YUKON, KLONDIKE and ATLIN

For Rates Apply to

Commercial Agent, J. H. GREER, 16 Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or
L. H. GRAY, General Traffic Manager, Dexter Horton Building, Seattle,
Washington.

Send two cents in stamps to any of our agents for our new map of the Atlin

THE GHILKOOT PASS ROUTE

Chilkoot Railroad and Transport Company
Alaska Railway and Transportation Company
Dyea-Klondike Transportation Company

THE TRAMWAY WILL BE OPEN FOR BUSINESS

1st JANUARY, 1899

Having handled three fourths of the traffic over this route last season, the Tramway will be in a better position than ever to give a prompt, safe and efficient service during the season of 1899.

REMEMBER the TRAMWAY is a UNITED STATES BONDED CARRIER, and goods may be shipped from British Columbia points through Alaska IN BOND.

For rates and full particulars apply to the following representatives in Victoria:

Dodwell, & Co., Ltd. Can. Pac. Nav. Co., Ltd.
R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO

STEAMER
City of Nanaimo

Sails from
Victoria for Nanaimo Tuesday 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Comox Wednesday 7 a.m.
Comox for Nanaimo Friday 8 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria Saturday 7 a.m.
Calling at way ports as freight and passengers may order.
For freight, tickets and staterooms, apply on board.
GEORGE L. COURTNEY,
Traffic Manager.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
The company's elegant steamships Queen, Walla Walla and Unatilla, carrying H.B.M. mails, leave VICTORIA 8 p.m., Jan. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, Feb. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Mar. 5, and every fifth day thereafter. Leave SAN FRANCISCO for Victoria, B.C., 10 a.m. Jan. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, Feb. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, Mar. 1, and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR ALASKA
The elegant steamships Cottage City, City of Topeka and Al-Kl leave PORT TOWNSEND p.m. Jan. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Feb. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, Mar. 1, and every fifth day thereafter. The steamer Cottage City will call at Victoria p.m. for passengers and freight. For further information obtain folder. The company reserves the right to change dates and hours of sailing without previous notice. Agents, B. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, Victoria. J. F. TROWBRIDGE, Puget Sd. Supt., Seattle. GOODALE, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO

NOTICE.

The advertised year and conditions for acquiring the surface rights of mineral claims having expired on June 1st.

PROSPECTORS AND MINERS

can still make arrangements for acquiring the same by personal or written application to the Company's Land Office, Victoria.
LEONARD H. SOLL, Land Commissioner.
Victoria, B. C., June, 1899.

VICTORIA AND TEXADA ISLAND

Steamer

CLAYOQUOT

will leave
Victoria for Nanaimo.....Thursday 6 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria.....Friday 7 a.m.
Victoria for Nanaimo.....Saturday 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria.....Tuesday 6 a.m.
Calling at way ports.
Every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Sooke and return same day.
For rates apply on board, or at Porter's wharf.
15

The Colonist.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1899.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

For Constitutional and Responsible Government

AND AGAINST

PERSONAL GOVERNMENT.

The ballots will read and should be marked by 75 per cent. of the voters as follows:

Gregory	
Hall	X
McPhillips	X
Paterson	
Stewart	
Turner	X

WORKINGMEN AND THE CONSTITUTION.

Mr. Paterson says that he does not care for the Constitution. No more dangerous man can be chosen to represent the people than one who says that he does not care for the Constitution.

There are in this community to-day a large number of voters, who are banded together in labor organization, the object of which is to protect themselves from oppression, to help each other in every possible way and to promote the welfare of the masses, whenever it appears that these are jeopardized by the wealthy or powerful minority.

What is the bulwark of the freedom which enables these men to form their organizations and to combine to carry their views into execution?

It is the British Constitution, that sacred institution for which Mr. Paterson says he does not care. It is the British Constitution which has elevated the laboring masses of Great Britain above the level of those of continental Europe. Yet Mr. Paterson, who wants the vote of every workman, cares nothing for the Constitution and boasts of his indifference. The Vancouver Province, Mr. Martin's organ, is vastly amused because the Colonist always spells the British Constitution with a capital C. The Colonist does so because that Constitution is the most sacred thing of human invention.

What is this Constitution for which Mr. Paterson does not care? It is the ripe fruit of the wisdom, the trials, the bloodshed and the heroism of centuries. Russia clamors for a constitution, and the lack of it means that millions of the people are little more than slaves. If Mr. Paterson cares nothing about a constitution, his proper place is in Russia.

To the workman the Constitution is everything. While it is preserved unimpaired, he knows that he can always gain redress for wrong at the ballot box. Destroy the Constitution and he will have no protection left but force. People tell us that a conflict between capital and labor is imminent. If it comes in a country where the British Constitution prevails, the issue will be a peaceable one and a solution in the interests of both parties will be reached. But rob the workman of his constitutional rights, permit personal government to become an established feature of our institutions, let it be determined that if a government does not like the verdict of an electorate it can set the decision aside by statute, and labor will be helpless in the hands of capital, if the latter chooses to oppress it. Will it be said that labor can resort to the courts for justice? We answer that under the precedents established by the present government, the legislature will override the courts, and the workman, who arises in the morning believing that he has same rights which capital cannot take

away, may find before nightfall that they have been taken away.

Mr. Bodwell told the people that this constitutional question was too deep for them, that they must let the lawyers settle it. Who will retain the lawyers to settle it? For answer reference may be made to the United States. Why is the crisis between capital and labor so much more acute in that country than in British countries? Why is it that time after time the troops have been called out to shoot down workmen in the streets? The answer is that the lawyers have been interpreting the constitutional rights of American citizens, while the great corporations have had all the principal lawyers in their pay, and the courts are presided over by men who owe their elevation to the influence of the great corporations. Mr. Bodwell and Mr. Gregory would contend that a workman's soul was not his own, if the fee marked on the brief was big enough. And yet these are the men who want to have lawyers settle the Constitution.

Workmen of Victoria, whoever may not be interested in maintaining the Constitution you are deeply interested. Strike it down, permit it to be trampled on, allow its principles to be ignored, and you will leave to your children a heritage of slavery, from which they can emerge only after years of struggle and possible bloodshed. The rights which the British Constitution secures to you and them were purchased with blood and incalculable sacrifice. Let it never be said that you sold this priceless birthright for such a paltry mess of pottage as a wish to stand well in the favor of Joseph Martin.

NOT ON TRIAL.

The Turner government is not on trial in this contest. There is only one way in which that administration can be put on trial before the electors, and that is for Mr. Semlin to assume the full responsibility for the late government's dismissal. If this had been done when it ought to have been done, that is when the session of the legislature opened, it could be fairly claimed that the issue before the people was the policy of Mr. Turner and his colleagues. But no one has accepted the responsibility for that dismissal. Hence it is fair to assume that no one is prepared to accept the responsibility of showing that the policy of the late government was not in the public interest.

Indeed, it does not lie in the mouths of the present advisers of the Lieutenant-Governor to condemn that policy, because in the speech from the throne they caused the Lieutenant-Governor to congratulate the province upon the results of that policy.

The government dare not take the responsibility of condemning the policy which led to the development of Kootenay. They make much ado because so little has resulted from the policy of development to which the legislature gave effect last year. But whose fault is this? Certainly not of Mr. Turner and his colleagues. They have never been in a position to give effect to that policy. Immediately after the prorogation of the legislature, the elections were brought on and before the elections were over, Mr. Turner was dismissed from office. The legislation of last session remained on the statute book unutilized. Not a single step have the present government taken to carry out the broad policy authorized by legislation last year. On the contrary they have used every means in their power to defeat the plans formed by their predecessors. That different results would have been reached, if Mr. Turner had remained in power, may be fairly argued from the manner in which he carried out other lines of policy to which the legislature gave assent at previous sessions.

The attack on Mr. Turner because nothing has come of his comprehensive plans formulated last year is as though one should come unawares upon a workman, bind him hand and foot and cast him out of his workshop, and then belabor him for not completing the job he had in hand at the time of the assault.

The people of Victoria will recognize the injustice of the attack on Mr. Turner and will show their appreciation of his services by the splendid majority he will receive next week.

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TO THE PEOPLE OF VICTORIA.

A member of the government said a few days ago that any attempt to interest the people of Victoria in a constitutional question was foredoomed to failure, because they are too apathetic to trouble themselves about anything of the kind. It must be confessed that Victorians do not readily work themselves up to enthusiasm over anything. They go along quietly attending to their own affairs, giving very little thought to matters which agitate other communities. It would be a mistake, however, to imagine that this apparent unconcern is indifference. There are hundreds of men, who will do their duty by the constitution on polling day, who do not think it necessary to make any talk about it in the meanwhile. This quiet vote can always be counted on for good government, and if it does not make itself conspicuous at public meetings, it is a factor that carries with it great weight and influence at the polls.

At a juncture like the present, when all that is worth having in our system of responsible government is at stake, every one should feel it to be his duty to make his position on the constitutional question plain, and every man who has the least interest in promoting good government, should take the occasion now presented to exert himself to the utmost to secure a verdict from the electorate favorable to the maintenance of the constitutional rights of the people. There are other issues in this campaign, which naturally receive much attention from

the candidates. Mr. Turner has the record of his administration to defend from the attacks made upon it, and his associates on the ticket have matters to deal with which they cannot properly overlook. But the point to be kept in mind by the people of Victoria is not only Mr. Turner, Mr. Hall and Mr. McPhillips shall have seats in the house for the balance of this legislative term, for that is quite a subordinate consideration. It is not the record of the late government with which the electors are most interested. This record is a good one, and it has already received the endorsement of the people of Victoria. It is a record that is very easily defended. Nor is the issue simply whether or not the Semlin-Martin combination shall remain in power. During its short tenure of office that combination has more than demonstrated its unfitness for the management of the affairs of the province. But if Mr. Turner were the veriest incapability in political life, and if the Semlin-Martin combination were the incarnation of all the political virtues, the constitutional question would still remain to be settled. For the question in this contest is not so much whether we are to have one or another particular set of ministers in office, as whether we are to have constitutional government. Are we a free, self-governing people, or do we live under an irresponsible despotism? This is the issue, the great issue, the greatest issue ever presented to a great people for their decision.

GOVERNMENT TACTICS.

There is already abundant evidence that the government party propose to resort to any means, no matter how base and corrupt, to carry the election in this city. The Colonist is already in possession of information which proves this, and it could mention names if it felt so disposed in connection with the effort to debase the constituency. This reference is intended as a warning to those who are participating in such work, and as a notification to them that they will be held responsible by law for any violation of the election act. A prominent government supporter said at the opening of the campaign that there were in Victoria six hundred men who could be got to vote any way, if the right sort of means were used, and the government had the means to make them vote for the government candidates. The Colonist does not believe that there is such a purchasable vote in this city, but the plans of the government are based upon the supposition that there is. The man who is engineering this campaign is Mr. Joseph Martin, and he is utterly unscrupulous as to how he wins a political victory. There is no trick so dastardly that he will not resort to it to carry his point. Under these circumstances it is important for those persons, who are willing to lend themselves to his schemes, to know that the law will be put in operation without fear or favor in all cases of bribery or other infraction of the provisions to secure a free expression of public opinion at the polls.

A SHORT CATECHISM.

What is a legislature in a British country?

A body of men elected by the people as their representatives.

What are the requisites of a representative?

That he shall be qualified by law to be a candidate and shall have received a majority of the votes of his constituency.

Do all the members of the British Columbia legislature possess these requisites?

Two of them do not.

Who are they?

Mr. Prentice, of East Lillooet, and Mr. Deane, of North Yale.

What does Mr. Prentice lack?

Qualification to be a candidate.

How do you know that?

Because, although he had taken legal advice on the subject, he was afraid to take his seat.

What does Mr. Deane lack?

A majority of the votes.

How do you know this?

Because it is an admitted fact that a majority of the ballots were marked for Mr. G. B. Martin.

How did they get seats in the house?

Because the government forced a bill through giving them the seats.

Is there any precedent for this?

Not in any British legislature.

Is not the East Lillooet case in 1895 a precedent?

It is not. There was in that case no question of qualification and no question as to the number of ballots received by each candidate, but only charges and counter-charges of corruption, which both parties agreed should be dropped, on condition that Mr. Prentice should resign his seat after the session.

What is the great distinction between the two cases?

There is a double distinction. The case in 1895 was to give effect to an agreement between the parties, while the recent one is in defiance of the protests of one of the parties. The other distinction is that in the 1895 case there was no question of qualification and no question as to the number of votes that should have been counted for them.

Suppose Messrs. Prentice and Deane had not been seated by legislative enactment, what would have happened?

Law is proverbially uncertain, but if the court had decided in accordance with the advice Mr. Prentice was acting on, he would have been declared disqualified, and on the recount of votes Mr. G. B. Martin might have been declared elected, in which event the government would have been unable to command a majority in the house.

Then the government is in power because it was able to override the law

under which the general election was held?

Yes.

Why were the cases not disposed of before the legislature met?

Because Attorney-General Martin kept a witness away in one instance, and in the other the government side obtained a postponement to enable the government to push through this infamous legislation.

Was the court a party to this infamy?

It was not. The court was treated by the government as entitled to no consideration whatever, which partisan interests were to be served.

Is it right to treat a court in this way?

It is not, for when a partisan majority can alter the rights of litigants in pending suits no one is safe, because at any moment our most cherished interests may be sacrificed to secure a party in power.

What can we do to prevent this?

Elect Turner, Hall and McPhillips, the champions of constitutional government.

The Province thinks it is not necessary for any one to assume responsibility for and defend the act of the Lieutenant-Governor in dismissing the Turner ministry. This is in keeping with the position taken by the News-Advertiser, that the British Constitution does not apply to British Columbia. Will the electors of Victoria give their assent to this revolutionary doctrine? If they do, we may as well bid farewell at once to responsible government. This is the great issue before the people.

THE COLONIST P. & P. CO., LTD.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Alteration Sale

Will Continue until
FEBRUARY 1ST.

MRS. W. BICKFORD,
61 and 63 Fort Street.

TENDERS

For Brass Goods, Etc

Tenders sealed and addressed to the undersigned will be received up to 3 p.m. on Monday, February 28, next, for sundry brass goods and fittings, viz.: valves, spindles, main cocks, union nipples, elbows, plugs, etc., as per samples and specifications to be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Wm. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing agent for the Corporation.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26th, 1899.

TO ARCHITECTS

Competitive Plans, with Specifications,

will be received up to 3 p.m., on Monday, February 13th, next, for a proposed new fire hall, to be built on the corner of Yates and Cassin streets, for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, in accordance with rules, etc., which may be seen at the office of the undersigned to whom also the plans and specifications must be addressed.

The cost of the building is not to exceed \$3,200.

Premium for the first set \$75 and for the second set \$25.

Wm. W. NORTHCOTT,
Building Inspector.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26th, 1899.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co., Ltd.

Seven Per Cent. Debentures.

SIXTH ANNUAL DRAWING.

The following are the numbers of the debentures drawn for repayment at par on and after the 15th day of February, next. Interest thereon ceases on the 15th day of February next.

Fifty debentures numbers:				
4	101	154	233	314
5	102	166	239	351
6	103	167	246	358
7	104	177	251	363
8	105	181	255	381
9	106	182	274	389
10	107	191	285	412
11	108	197	289	447
12	109	202	290	449
13	110	222	290	449
14	111	222	290	449
15	112	222	290	449
16	113	222	290	449
17	114	222	290	449
18	115	222	290	449
19	116	222	290	449
20	117	222	290	449
21	118	222	290	449
22	119	222	290	449
23	120	222	290	449
24	121	222	290	449
25	122	222	290	449
26	123	222	290	449
27	124	222	290	449
28	125	222	290	449
29	126	222	290	449
30	127	222	290	449
31	128	222	290	449
32	129	222	290	449
33	130	222	290	449
34	131	222	290	449
35	132	222	290	449
36	133	222	290	449
37	134	222	290	449
38	135	222	290	449
39	136	222	290	449
40	137	222	290	449
41	138	222	290	449
42	139	222	290	449
43	140	222	290	449
44	141	222	290	449
45	142	222	290	449
46	143	222	290	449
47	144	222	290	449
48	145	222	290	449
49	146	222	290	449
50	147	222	290	449

Fifty debentures at \$500 each, \$25,000. The above mentioned debentures will be paid on and after the 15th day of February next, on presentation of the debentures at the Bank of British Columbia, Victoria, B. C.

For the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company, Limited.

R. P. RITCHEY, Chairman.

F. W. VINCENT, Secretary.

W. H. LANGLEY,
Victoria, B. C.

Victoria, B. C., January, 21st, 1899.

The Victoria Wharf & Warehouse Co., Ltd.

Six Per Cent. Debentures.

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the conditions upon which the above named debentures were issued, a drawing of the debentures to be paid off at par on the 1st of March next will take place at the company's office, Wharf street, Victoria, B. C., on Wednesday, the 1st of February, at 11 a.m.

The numbers of the drawn debentures will be duly advertised for the information of the holders thereof.

J. H. LAWSON, Secretary.

Wharf street, Victoria,
January 16th, 1899.

ST. ALICE WATER

FROM
Harrison Hot Springs

PER
THORPE & CO., LTD.

Sole Agents.

VICTORIA. - VANCOUVER

Box 175 - Tel. 435.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

This book contains very complete historical, political, statistical, agricultural, mining and general information of British Columbia. Profusely illustrated.

THE COLONIST P. & P. CO., LTD.

VICTORIA, B.C.

THE SHIPMENT OF

picturesque Victoria

That we have been expecting by freight are now in. Parties desiring to secure copies will do well to call early, as there is only a limited issue of the work.

...PRICE 75 CENTS...

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

Try RADNOR WATER

TURNER, BEETON & CO., Agents.

Albion Iron Works Co., Ltd.

Are now offering their large variety of

STOVES and RANGES

At Wholesale Prices

Don't buy an Imported Stove when you can get the Home-made Article for less money.

A call at their store-rooms on Store Street and Pembroke Street will convince you.

Plating in all its Branches is now Executed by Competent Workmen

"GETTING BETTER."

Nearly everyone knows the delightful feeling of "getting better." When the reviving appetite, too feeble as yet for heavy foods, requires the most nourishing diet in a light tempting and easily digestible form,

BOVRIL

is an ideal food for invalids and convalescents. It rapidly renovates waste tissues, forms blood, brain, bone, muscle and thoroughly fortifies the nervous system after prolonged prostration.

...BOVRIL IS LIQUID LIFE...

AGRICULTURAL HALL SAANICHTON.

A PLAY ENTITLED

"Barbara"

Followed By

Living Pictures

ON FEBRUARY 1, 1899

In aid of a new parsonage. Special train will leave Hillside avenue at 7 p.m., returning after the performance. Admission 20 cents.

For the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company, Limited.

R. P. RITCHEY, Chairman.

F. W. VINCENT, Secretary.

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Six Per Cent. Debentures.

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the conditions upon which the above named debentures were issued, a drawing of the debentures to be paid off at par on the 1st of March next will take place at the company's office, Wharf street, Victoria, B. C., on Wednesday, the 1st of February, at 11 a.m.

The numbers of the drawn debentures will be duly advertised for the information of the holders thereof.

J. H. LAWSON, Secretary.

Wharf street, Victoria,
January 16th, 1899.

ST. ALICE WATER

FROM
Harrison Hot Springs

PER
THORPE & CO., LTD.

Sole Agents.

VICTORIA. - VANCOUVER

SALE PRICES

Boys' Scotch Tweed Suits	\$1.35
Pea Jackets	1.15
Overcoats	1.90

B. WILLIAMS & CO.

Clothier, Hatters and Outfitters, 97 Johnson St.

WE GUARANTEE

PURITY AND AGGURACY
in compounding
physicians prescriptions.

Hall & Co., Dispensing
Chemists,
Clarence Bldg.
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

land is repealed and the following is substituted:
"Forthwith upon execution of this agreement the contractors, and after the incorporation the company, shall be entitled to proceed with the selection of the lands herein referred to, and this selection must be completed on or before the first day of January, 1900."
Section 11 of the agreement has the portion struck out which provides that no royalty be reserved on the timber used by the company.

WESTMINSTER CITY BILL.

The Proposed Arrangement With the Debenture Holders.

The bill for the relief of the municipal corporation of the city of New Westminster, which was introduced by the Finance Minister yesterday, is to enable the corporation to agree with the debenture holders for the redemption of the debentures. The preamble sets forth that the assessable real estate in Westminster for 1898 amounted to \$2,510,990 and the assessable improvements to \$976,905; and the fire on September 11, 1898, temporarily reduced the assessable balance of real estate by upwards of \$370,000, and of improvements by \$415,000, at the same time reducing the city revenue by \$22,000, while temporarily increasing the expenditure by \$10,000. Therefore by reason of these circumstances the capacity of the corporation to meet its obligations as they mature is greatly impaired for the time being. The majority of the debenture holders (all those, in fact, whose names could be ascertained) have agreed upon a plan with the city, and it is this plan that the legislature is asked to authorize. As set out in the schedule, there are 16 loans, amounting to \$953,000, and due at various periods from 1899 to 1944, the amount of sinking fund on hand being \$72,000. The bill proposes to appoint debenture commissioners, one to be appointed by the city and two by the majority of the debenture holders, the city to pay these commissioners a salary not to exceed \$250 a year each. The bill also provides for the extension of the time for the payment of the debentures. The city is authorized to issue what are called "interest debentures" for a sum not to exceed in the aggregate three-fifths of the interest which shall accrue upon the present city debentures during the years 1899 to 1903, inclusive. These interest debentures are to be 5 per cent, and not repayable before December 31, 1903. The city is also authorized to issue temporary debentures for an amount not exceeding \$200,000. They are also 5 per cent, and not payable before December 31, 1903.

From 1901 on until the interest and temporary debentures are paid up, the city is authorized to raise special rates to meet interest and sinking fund. The sinking fund now on hand is to be made over to the commissioners, who are to realize on the securities and sell the proceeds to the debenture holders. The corporation shall so direct, instead of converting any of the said securities into cash, at any time, or from time to time, charge upon any of the said securities, for such price or sum, at such rate or rates of interest, and upon such terms as the corporation may approve, and apply the proceeds in the same manner as if such security or securities had been actually converted.

The city is authorized to provide for the payment of the interest accruing during 1899 to 1903 upon the present debentures, and the debenture holders must accept it in the following manner: (a.) The corporation shall pay two-fifths of such interest moneys in cash. (b.) As to the remaining two-fifths of such interest moneys, the corporation may, at its option, and the debenture holders shall accept "interest debentures," which shall be of the value of the said proportion of interest moneys accruing due as aforesaid.

It shall also be lawful for the corporation during said years, in their discretion, to apply the proceeds of the sale of the said "interest debentures," or any part thereof, to the payment of that portion of the interest moneys referred to in sub-section (b) of the last preceding section of this act, instead of delivering interest debentures therefor.

On and after December 31, 1903, the corporation shall proceed to redeem the interest and temporary debentures, the numbers of the particular debentures to be redeemed each year to be determined by lot. In 1910 and each year thereafter till the present city debentures are paid, the city shall annually raise a sum not less than now required for the present sinking fund, to be applied to the redemption of these debentures, the numbers of the particular debentures to be redeemed in any one year to be decided by lot.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the "New Westminster act, 1888," or in any amendment thereto, or in the "Municipal clauses act," or in any by-law of the corporation, it shall be lawful for the corporation to borrow or raise money for any of the purposes of the corporation, upon the security of the unpaid taxes for the year 1898 and previous years; and in order to provide for the repayment of the moneys so to be borrowed or raised, the corporation may, at its option, mortgage, assign or create a charge upon such taxes in favor of such persons or corporations, and for such rate of interest, and upon such terms of redemption or otherwise as the corporation shall by-law determine. The corporation shall also have the like powers in respect of arrears of taxes payable in the present year or in any future year or years.

The city may also, at its option, rebate of 16 2-3 per cent, on all taxes levied in 1898 and previous years on or before July 1, 1899. The time for completing the assessment for the year 1899 is extended to April 30, 1899.

All moneys which have been or may hereafter be contributed for the relief of the corporation or of the inhabitants thereof, because of the said fire, and which are now unexpended, are hereby vested in the corporation, and it shall be lawful to apply the said moneys to such purposes of the corporation, or to such charitable purposes, as shall be determined by a by-law thereof.

TORONTO FIREMEN TESTIFY.
Mr. McCartney, Lombard Street Fire Hall, Toronto, dated March 4th, 1897, states: "Am subject to very painful conditions of costiveness and other troubles resulting therefrom, but I am glad to say that I have found a perfect remedy in Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I trust this may be of benefit to others."

THE WHITE HOUSE

50 cents a pair for COARSESS
worth \$1.50. For a few days
only.

H. YOUNG & CO.

During January



WE are giving 20 per cent discount off all Boys' and Childrens' Suits, Overcoats and Reefers for cash. Ages 4 to 14 years.

W. & J. WILSON, 83 Government Street

"Gisburn" For Sale

One of the Finest Residences in Victoria

This property, containing about five acres of land, is very handsomely laid out in lawns and shrubberies; commands a magnificent view of the Straits, and is situated at the corner of Moxon and Boucher streets. The house is large, commodious and very handsomely finished, the interior workmanship being very good. There is a large, well-built stable on the property, and a large, well-stocked fruit and kitchen garden. This property is offered for sale at a very great sacrifice.

PEMBERTON & SON, 45 FORT ST.

JUBILEE HOSPITAL BOARD.

A Short Business Session of the Directors—To Visit the Hospital.

There lacked but one member of being a full board meeting of the Jubilee hospital directors last evening.

Mr. Mohun reported on the poor drainage of the hospital grounds and suggested that an open ditch be substituted for the present box drain and that some other improvements be made. At times of a freshet there is a great fall of water from the Mount Tolmie slopes, which at present does not find a free course even beyond the hospital grounds. The report was received and handed to the committee of the month to deal with. Salaries for the month of December amounting to \$807 were ordered to be paid.

The president then brought up a suggestion made by Mr. Helmsken that an invitation be extended to the members of the legislature to visit the hospital and the board approving of the idea left it with Mr. Helmsken to arrange a convenient date. Mr. Davies then asked that the names of Messrs. Braden, Flumfeldt and Byrnes be added to the special committee appointed at a previous meeting to devise plans for proposed improvements at the hospital. This being consented to the board adjourned.

McClary's Famous Stoves and Steel Ranges at Clarke & Pearson's.

A Nova Scotian Dead.—At his residence on Cameron street yesterday afternoon James Stanley Keefe passed away. He was a native of Oxford, Nova Scotia, and 33 years of age. His funeral takes place to-morrow afternoon.

Gentlemen's Night.—To-night in Temperance hall the concert (Saturday evening popular) will be given by gentlemen only, and as will be seen by the names following, are gentlemen known in musical circles as the best Victoria can produce: Messrs. Barton, Firth, Cave, Russell, Moxon, Goodwin, Monroe, Dr. Robertson, Elieks, Huxtable, Richardson, Pilling, Longfield, Sr., Longfield, Jr., Brown and Lane—the very cream of Victoria's male vocalists, instrumentalists and electricians.

ENGLISH COMMENTS ON FRANCE

There is no doubt that the bulk of the French population is composed of peace-loving, hard-working and thrifty citizens, who are neither venal nor aggressive, but neither is there any of the persons who shape the foreign policy of the republic are not these amiable, inarticulate artisans and peasants, but a section of professional politicians, each of whom is anxious to analyze the means by which he does it. The Reign of Terror, the July Revolution, the Franco-Prussian war, and the revolution of 1871 have not the work of the great mass of the French people. But they took place all the same. It is not, therefore, "our traditional friends and excellent customers, the French nation," whose aims, objects and characteristics are to be taken into account in these international questions, but those of the vulgar politicians who are attitudinizing in the tribune, scatter notes of exclamation and interrogation broadcast in the sensational journals of Paris, find it compatible with chivalry to mix up the respectable name of the daughter of a foreign ambassador in their vile anti-Semitic squabbles, and hold that the only way to the truth and justice.

It is the vitriolic newspapers and the noisy demagogues—and the British people still unwisely refuse to acknowledge these as the authorized spokesmen of the French—who are really and truly the arbiters of peace and war. It is with them, and with them only, that our foreign office has to deal, and all appeals to the "chivalry of the French," are beside the mark.—Contemporary Review.

Carelessness in girlhood causes the greatest suffering and debility in woman's life. Little irregularities and weaknesses in girls should be looked after promptly and treatment given at once. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription promotes regularity of all feminine functions, makes strength and builds up a sturdy health with which to meet the trials of life. The Favorite Prescription is not a universal panacea. It is good for but one thing. It is directed solely at one set of organs.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice, a 160-page medical work, profusely illustrated, will be sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover postage only. Address: W. D. & S. Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

Keep your money in the City and purchase your...

...PIANOS

From the old reliable house of...

WAITT & CO.

They keep a full stock on hand for you to select from, so that you can see what you are buying and are at ways on the spot to live up to their guarantee.

Steinway and Heintzman Agents.

60 GOVERNMENT STREET

The Great Sale at The Westside

\$s Now On

Tremendous Reductions In All Departments.....



This Sale, as well as being our Annual Clearance, is made necessary by contemplated changes in the business, as already announced.

The Sale will last for FOURTEEN DAYS ONLY, after which stock will be taken and the new company will take charge.

For Particulars see Circulars or call and be convinced that this is a Genuine Reduction Sale.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

THE WESTSIDE.

Jan. 25, 1899.

..REDUCTION SALE.. OF SHOES

Entire stock at reduced prices. (Slater Shoes excepted.) This is not a sale where a few leaders are offered, but one wherein you get every kind of footwear at a genuine reduction, from our regular low prices.

WE OFFER YOU A Saving of from 10 to 40 Per Cent.

on our different lines. We are heavily overstocked and pursue this unusual price cutting to reduce stock in the quickest possible time. Remember, every article is marked down.

J. FULLERTON, 103 Gov't Street.

Price Chopping

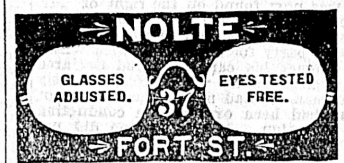
In January is not unusual, but our chopping is confined to prices—strictly. Qualities we stand behind, as usual.

January overcoat prices are:
\$10.95 for the \$10 ones.
\$8.75 for the \$12 ones.
\$6.75 for the \$10 ones.
\$5.75 for the \$8.50 ones.

And each overcoat fits as well as the other—pretty perfect. Quality makes the difference in prices.

W. G. Cameron

The Acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier in Victoria, 55 Johnson St.



RED STAR COMPRESSED YEASTS

Has established Agency in Victoria and will have a supply at the GROCERY STORES in a few days.

ASK FOR SAMPLES.

Keep your money in the City and purchase your...

...PIANOS

From the old reliable house of...

WAITT & CO.

They keep a full stock on hand for you to select from, so that you can see what you are buying and are at ways on the spot to live up to their guarantee.

Steinway and Heintzman Agents.

60 GOVERNMENT STREET

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

Fletcher Bros.

Big Clearance Sale Now On—Pianos, Organs and Musical Instruments of every description. Sheet Music and Folios at your own prices. Everything must be cleared out to make room for our new stock. CALL EARLY.

FLETCHER BROS., Old Post Office Bldg

Geo. Powell & Co.

Cheapside

127, GOVERNMENT ST.

Trade in Crockery, Glassware, hardware. We are Victoria agents for the

GREAT

Majestic Range

Which for Economy in Fuel, Durability in Use and Perfection in Cooking, is the BEST ON EARTH.

"FOUR CROWN"

Scotch Whisky

AGENTS

TURNER, BEETON & CO

Corby's Rye Whiskey.

In Bond and Duty Paid...

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

Insurance AGAINST FIRE

Heisterman & Co., 75 Government Street.

THE LOCAL NEWS.

Carpenters' Tools at Cheapside.

Drink Blue Ribbon Tea.

Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.

Smoke Capstan—cool and comforting.*

Smoke Capstan—cool and comforting.*

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental.

Hotel Victoria, Victoria, strictly first-class. Rates \$2 upwards.

A fine range of Boys' Reefer Jackets. Twenty per cent. off for cash at Reid's.*

Reid's clearance sale will continue another week. Twenty per cent. discount on all cash purchases.

Wall Paper—Wall Paper for the spring trade. A large number of splendid designs at moderate prices. Weiler Bros.*

Prof. Charles Gartner, B. A.—Vocal and instrumental music. Latest European methods. Studio, 85 Five Sisters block.

We will clear out our short lengths of Carpet and Bording at reduced prices. Weiler Bros.

Bound to Clear Them Out.—Overcoats and Usters will go at 25 per cent. discount to the cash buyer this week at Reid's.*

We have many utensils for kitchen use, which you would find indispensable after once using. Weiler Bros.

If you have beauty I will take it.

If you have none I will make it.

Savannah, Photo.

Heavy cocoa door mats in all sizes at Weiler Bros. We have a wire mat that will interest you.

New patterns in Linoleum and Linoleum Mats, Enamelled Table and Shelf Oilcloths at Weiler Bros.

Fast Driving.—In the city police court yesterday, J. R. Robbins, an expressman, was fined \$10 for fast driving.

We do not hesitate in saying that the line of Ingrain Carpets just arrived is the best we have had. Weiler Bros.*

Pupils' Recital.—Miss Wey and Miss Green's pupils gave a delightful recital to their friends in Walt's hall last night.

Stole Lumber.—On Thursday evening the carpenters at work on the new buildings on Store street left a lot of light finishing lumber on the sidewalk. Yesterday morning it was missing, and being found in the possession of Ah Jung, that "wily Chinese" was sent to goal for a month.

Had His Foot Crushed.—H. Johnson, a helper in the boiler shop at the Albion Iron Works, had his foot badly crushed yesterday. With others he was putting down a large boiler plate, when his foot slipped under it. The injured man was removed to the Jubilee hospital. It is feared that he will lose the use of the foot.

Heavy Sentence.—Craigie, Nash and Thomas were yesterday found guilty by Mr. Justice Drake of stealing a quantity of bed-clothing from the steamer Casca. Nash and Thomas were sentenced to 18 months each, while Craigie was sent to the penitentiary for three years, there being a long list of prior convictions against him. The evidence was the same as that given in the city police court.

Struck by a Car.—A Fort street car, in charge of Motorman Grant, yesterday ran into one of Hardress Clark's grocery delivery wagons at the corner of Port and Cook streets. The motorman and his evidence is corroborated by others who were on the car—says his bell was ringing continuously as he approached the corner, but the driver took no notice of it. The driver says he did not see the car until it was "right on him." Nobody was hurt, and very little damage was done to the wagon.

"Iolanthe" Rehearsal.—There will be a rehearsal of "Iolanthe" at 8 o'clock sharp this evening in the Pioneer hall. All taking part in the opera are earnestly requested to attend and those having books to bring them.

Musical Troupe.—The musical troupe of H.M.S. Sparrowhawk are giving a concert at Esquimalt to-night and by the appearance of the very attractive programme the Sparrowhawks are indeed rare song birds. There is a capital selection of songs and sailors' hornpipe danced by a real Jack tar. The navy are always ready to lend a willing hand for Victoria people, so one good turn deserves another.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

VICTORIA CONFECTIONERS

Are requested to visit O'KEIL & MORRIS' Show rooms before purchasing XMAS CANDIES.

The Largest and Best Assortment in B. C. All Home Manufacture.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

The Sitting Largely Taken Up in Considering Various Bills in Committee.

Failure of the Electric Lights Plunges the House Into Utter Darkness.

FRIDAY, Jan. 27.

A good deal of committee work was done by the legislature this afternoon and several new bills were introduced. The lights suddenly went out towards six o'clock and adjournment was a little earlier in consequence.

RETURNS PRESENTED.

Hon. Mr. Semlin presented returns of correspondence between the Dominion and Provincial governments in regard to the establishment of a mint in British Columbia. This contained the resolution of the legislature passed March 29 last in favor of a mint and the acknowledgment of its receipt by the under secretary of state at Ottawa.

Hon. Mr. Semlin presented a return of the report of the royal commission under the Public Inquiries act on September 15, 1898.

Hon. Mr. Cotton presented the return under the Official Administrators act.

CARIBOO-OMINECA BILL.

Hon. Mr. Cotton introduced an act to amend an act to confirm an agreement between Her Majesty in right of her province of British Columbia and Frank Owen and William John Stokes, and to incorporate the Cariboo-Omineca Chartered Company.

The bill was read a first time.

QUESTION ANSWERED.

Hon. Mr. Semlin in answer to Mr. Neil stated that the Toronto & British Columbia Lumber Company were granted leases No. 7 and 9, Cowichan-Alberni district, under authority of 51 Victoria, section 54, chapter 66, Consolidated Statutes and of an order-in-council approved May 12, 1892. The applications for leases were made prior to the enactment of the Land act amendment, 1892. The company had availed itself of the privilege granted by Sec. 7 of the Land act amendment, 1895, of paying an annual rental of fifteen cents an acre in lieu of erecting a saw mill. On June 9, 1898, the company paid \$15,000 in satisfaction of arrears of rentals due on the leases.

REAL PROPERTY.

The Real Property bill was considered in committee and progress was reported and leave asked to sit again.

REPORT.

Mr. Kidd presented a report from the printing committee recommending that a number of returns already presented should be printed.

THROUGH COMMITTEE.

The Appointments bill, the Power of Attorney bill, the Bills of Sale bill and the Partnership bill were all put through the committee stage and the report of the Partnership bill was adopted.

WESTMINSTER CITY.

Hon. Mr. Cotton introduced an act for the relief of the municipal corporation of the city of New Westminster, and the bill was read a first time.

BOILER INSPECTION.

The house went into committee of the whole on the Steam Boilers Inspection bill, Mr. Green in the chair.

The committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

SOUTH KOOTENAY RAILWAY.

The house went into committee of the whole on the South Kootenay Railway bill, Mr. Ellison in the chair.

One section of the bill reads:

"The company shall be bound to carry over its line of railway, without charge, all persons whose transportation would otherwise be a charge against the government of the province, and also all members of the legislature."

The amendment put in by the railway committee to the effect that if the company was ever declared a Dominion railway and came under the jurisdiction of the Dominion it should forfeit the power of the province was opposed by Mr. Helmsken.

The electric light suddenly went out while he was talking and he continued his remarks in the dark.

A lamp was put on Mr. Speaker's table after a while and the committee rose and reported progress and the house adjourned in semi-darkness.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

By Mr. Macpherson—For a return of agreements entered into between the late government and Mackenzie & Mann in connection with the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern railway, also the Stikine-Teslin railway.

By Mr. Kellie—To introduce a bill to amend the Truck act, 1898.

By Mr. Robertson—For a return showing what officials since August 8, 1898, have been dismissed and from what office, the length of service, length of office and reason of dismissal; what appointments have been made by the government since August 8, 1898, with names and positions of appointees.

By Mr. Neil—For a select committee consisting of Messrs. Macpherson, R. Smith, Robertson, Clifford and the mover to inquire into the circumstances of the granting of timber leases 7 and 9, Cowichan-Alberni district, to the Toronto & British Columbia Lumber Company.

CARIBOO-OMINECA COMPANY.

The bill introduced by the Finance Minister to amend the Cariboo-Omineca Chartered Company act strikes out the provisions allowing the company to construct and carry on railways and tramways and restricts them to stage coaches and stage lines. Section 8 of the agreement providing that the company forthwith after the execution of the agreement may proceed to select their lands and that the right of selection should continue until the company have selected the

INTER-CITY HOCKEY.

Vancouver and Victoria Teams Meet To-Day at the Oak Bay Park.

The Bays Win Again at Basketball—Association Football at the Hill.

This afternoon will be played the first men's hockey match of the season at Oak Bay park, commencing at 3 sharp, wet or fine. The Vancouver team arrived on last evening's steamer and are probably the strongest aggregation yet sent to represent the Terminal City in this popular sport. Special arrangements have been made for car service to the grounds, there being connections made at the junction with every foot street car. The following are the teams and their positions:

Vancouver—Goal, J. Boyd; backs, Morley, Byron Johnson; half-backs, G. Boulton, Horner, Pitt; forwards, Green, Brown, Mahon (captain), Gilmore, Crickmay.

Victoria—Goal, L. Yorks; backs, A. Maclean, R. H. Swinerton; half-backs, J. H. Austin, V. Innes (captain); forwards, K. Schofield, P. T. Patton, C. Gamble, D. Rogers, F. A. Fletcher.

BASKET BALL.

The Bays Win.

The large crowd which attended the basketball game at the Drill hall last night were to a certain extent disappointed, as far as the closeness of the game was concerned, but were rewarded by as fine a combination of exhibition play on the part of the Bays as one could wish to see. It was evident that it was their game from the start, although it was some time before they scored. However, when the ice was broken games came thick and fast, the score at half-time standing 8-0 in their favor. When play was resumed, No. 1 Company made some good efforts and succeeded in scoring one goal from the field and adding another two points by free shots, all of which were made by Fawcett. The game was then divided between the Bays and W. Stevens. It would be hard to individualize any of the players so far as brilliancy is concerned, as one and all played to win. For No. 1 Company C. Schweigert, T. Fawcett and E. McMillan showed up most conspicuously. It would be hard to mention here that a most noticeable and uncalled for feature of the game was the fact that a number of the spectators seemed to find great pleasure in advising the players and otherwise making jeering remarks. This more than anything tends to reflect on the popularity of this very popular winter pastime. The next game will be between the Bays and No. 2 Company, when a good game may be expected, the latter having been practising hard for the coming struggle.

Victoria West vs. Regiment.

To-night at the Drill hall there will be a match between the team from Victoria West and the Regiment. This is one of the deciding games, and it will probably be the hardest fought game of the inter-collegiate league. The two teams take second and first place, respectively, so far, the Regiment not having lost yet, and the Victoria West only to the Regiment. This time they will make a determined effort to turn the tables on their opponents. They have been practising steadily, and are ready to put in the game of their lives. Mr. H. Galbraith has been asked to referee, and the game will start promptly at 9:30, in order to avoid disappointing the large crowd who are sure to attend this important game. The following is the Victoria West team: I. Jacobson, G. Andrews, T. Oestros and A. Patton (captain), with F. Waller and A. Nicholson in reserve. The Regiment will play the same team as heretofore, and express themselves as being confident of success.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

Columbus vs. High School.

This afternoon the above teams meet in a game to be played on the grounds at Beacon hill, play commencing at 2:15 sharp. The following will represent the High School: Goal, T. Brooker; backs, J. Lawson and A. Netherby; half-backs, H. Dier, E. John and A. Wilson; forwards, R. Powell, S. Johnson, F. Bone, G. Henry, Wilson and A. N. Other. The Columbus will be composed of: Goal, H. Turner; backs, C. M. Brien, C. Harries and A. Patton; forwards, G. Wilson, H. Wilson, C. Berkeley, R. Fell and D. Hunter. On the following Saturday the Columbus will meet Victoria in the first intermediate league match of the season.

Association Practice.

A general practice of the Victoria Association Football Club will be held at Beacon Hill this afternoon at 2:30.

GOLF.

Medal Competition. The regular monthly ladies' medal handicap events of the Victoria Golf Club were played off yesterday under the most favorable weather conditions. The gentlemen's events of the tournament will be played to-day.

THE RING.

"Denver" Ed's Benefit.

There was a gathering of over 300 people at the Colonist hotel athletic rooms last night to see "Denver" Ed Smith's benefit performance—and a good one it was. The exhibition sparring was first-class, lively and exciting all through. Hill and Quinn, the Victoria lightweights, put up a fine three rounds, in which Hill showed his superiority over his hands. Then "Denver" Ed Smith had a heavyweight bout with the Terrible Swede, and made Victorians open their eyes at Ed's dexterity. Billy Hawkins was also seen to pretty good advantage with the Terrible Swede. "Denver" Ed had three rounds with Pat's Cardiff, who stood up once before the illustrious bean-eater, John Lee, and though Cardiff was not feeling his best, his old-time form was there all right. A rattling midge exhibition between Ted Bailey of "Frisco and Tim Allen of Victoria was one of the features, and every one was well pleased with the whole affair and came away thoroughly satisfied.

ABOUT CATARRH.

It is caused by a cold or succession of colds, combined with impure blood. Its symptoms are pain in the head, discharge from the nose, ringing noises in the ears. It is cured by Hood's Catarrh Pills, which purifies and enriches the blood, soothes and rebuilds the tissues, and relieves all the disagreeable sensations.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. Mailed for 25c by O. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

750 Boys' Suits reduced to \$1.55. B. Williams & Co.

MARINE NOTES.

Barque Fantose Secures a Charter to Load at the Blakely Mills.

The British ship Fantose will leave the Royal Roads for Port Blakely to-day, under charter to load lumber for Buenos Ayres. An American tug, it is understood, will take her away.

Steamer Rosalie will sail to-day for the North. She will call here en route for a number of passengers and a little freight.

A quartette of sealing schooners—the Penelope, Favorite, Dora Seward and Ocean Belle—are making preparations to sail.

ENTERED.

Str. Chamer from Vancouver.
Str. Kingston from Port Townsend.
Str. Rosalie from Mary Island.
Str. Cottage City from Port Townsend.

CLEARED.

Str. Chamer for Vancouver.
Str. Kingston for Port Townsend.
Str. Rosalie for Port Townsend.
Str. Cottage City for Port Townsend.

VANCOUVER'S BUDGET.

Liberal Member's Boast of the Favors Secured From Ottawa for His Constituency.

Opening of Conservative Rooms—Westminster Citizens Ask Relief Fund Statement.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Jan. 27.—German Consul Wulfssohn entertained representatives of other powers at luncheon to-day in honor of the Kaiser on the occasion of his birthday.

Citizens of New Westminster ask that a detailed account be provided the public regarding the \$30,000 disbursed in relief to sufferers by the Westminster fire.

At the opening of the Liberal-Conservative rooms last night Mr. Charles Wilson, Q. C., acted as chairman. G. A. Walkem, president of the Young Conservative Association, explained how the association came into existence and the aims of the organization. Mr. G. Cowan in his address referred to Chinese immigration and explained that, unlike the Liberal party, the Conservatives were trying to protect Canadian labor. Sir John Macdonald being responsible for the head tax on Chinese. Mr. Cowan read the following telegram from Hon. F. Carter-Cotton: "I congratulate the Liberal-Conservative Association on the opening of their rooms, and regret I cannot be present to do so." Mr. R. B. Ellis spoke of the Yukon abuses. The standard of British justice and uprightness had, he said, been dragged in the mud by the Liberal government officials in the North. Ald. Foreman and others also addressed the meeting. Music and recitations enlivened the proceedings.

At a meeting of the Golden Cache company yesterday it was stated that there had been no offers for the debentures advertised to borrow money to proceed with development work. The secretary's statement showed heavy losses by lawsuit expenses and the fact that the company had not been traced.

George R. Maxwell, M. P., gave an account of his stewardship at the market hall last evening, with an orchestra as an added attraction. He said British Columbia lost nothing by not being represented in the cabinet at Ottawa, and that it was quite proper that British Columbians had not been appointed to Yukon positions; that the resolutions of the Conservative Association were like the hallucinations of a sick man. He had no doubt the Chinese question would be settled soon. As to what had been done for Vancouver since he had been elected, he pointed out that the mounted police headquarters had been moved there. Vancouver has three resident judges; the postal system has been improved; the drill shed plans are being made; a meteorological service has been begun. In all there have been 18 gifts to Vancouver during his term of office.

The diver operating on the wrecks of the three burned steamers at Westminster is of the opinion that the boilers and engines cannot be saved. It is said that in building a wharf a pile was driven clean through the hull of the Gladys.

Millinery and Jackets greatly below cost for the next three days, at the Sterling, 88 Yates street.

PERSONAL.

Capt. Armstrong arrived over by the Char last night. Deputy Sheriff Siddall goes to Vancouver this morning to sell the ship Seminoe, at the suit of the master of the ship.

This is the result of an admiralty court suit for wages. A. V. Barrow, wife and child, of Nelson, are guests at the Victoria Hotel. Mr. W. E. Starr, of Seattle, are in the city to await the arrival of the Tlojua Maru from Japan.

L. A. Lewis and wife, of New Westminster, are guests at the Victoria.

LOCAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

The Market Yesterday as Reported by Cuthbert & Co.

The market was quite lively yesterday and all New York securities were stronger, also Chicago provisions. Considerable trading was done in May wheat which was recently heavily opening at 77½c, and closing at 78½c, it fluctuated to a considerable extent. The Exchange is becoming more popular every day.

B. C. MINING STOCKS.

A very important dispatch has been received from the superintendent of the Dardanelles mine, which should certainly strengthen this stock very materially. To-day's quotations:

Athabasca 42c.
Dardanelles 16½c.
Noble Five 17½c.
Rambler 27½c.
Deer Park 17c.
B. C. Goldfields 45½c.
Iron Coll 11c.

Winter Suits and Overcoats at cost. B. Williams & Co.

Charged with Stealing.—Wong Fong and Chin Loy, two cannerymen, were placed under arrest last evening on a warrant charging them with stealing \$35 and \$12.20 respectively from Ah Gu.

Kindness Acknowledged.—Mrs. Hoekling and Mrs. W. P. Allen sincerely thank all friends, who extended to them so much assistance and sympathy during their late bereavement caused through the death of their brother, James Henry Waters.

100 Boys' Overcoats reduced to \$1.65. B. Williams & Co.

GOVERNMENT FORCES.

Their Candidates Address the Electors in Victoria Theatre on Campaign Issues.

With the Help of a Brass Band a Pleasant Evening Is Spent.

Finn's band and the government candidates drew a large audience to the Victoria theatre last evening, when several hours' entertainment was provided. Among the speakers was Mr. Henderson, the turncoat member for Westminster, who was put forward as the funny man, and took well at first, but exercised his talent to such an extent that towards the end of his address his hearers had grown weary. Quite a number of gentlemen were on the platform in addition to the three government candidates, including Alex. Wilson, Thomas Barnes, John Macmillan, W. Armstrong, Dr. M. G. Blanchard, Dominion government cattle inspector, Dr. Lewis Hall, J. S. Yates and several members of the local house.

D. W. Higgins, M. P., was in the chair, and called on Ald. Stewart to address the meeting. The alderman went over the usual stock reasons why he should be chosen representative for this city, during which he attempted to justify the shabby treatment of workmen by the present government.

Mr. E. V. Bodwell followed, and taking for his text the Colonist of a recent date, with tears in his voice read an extract which contradicted his statement in a former speech that the constitutional question was one for the lawyers only. It was, he said, a question of theory more than practice, and one which could be more readily discussed on the floor of the house.

With respect to the charge that during the campaign last July he (Mr. Bodwell) had stumped the province against the Turner government because the administration had refused to sanction his client Mr. Corbin's scheme to divert the trade of the Boundary Creek mines to the Spokane and other American cities, this he denied, his explanation being that at the time he was Mr. Corbin's legal adviser, the latter had had nothing whatever to do with the case. He then took occasion to draw attention to the fact that the C. P. R. had secured control of the coal trade, and that he had pointed out that what he called that great monopoly was and always would be a threat to the city as against Victoria. The C. P. R. at the present time carried more American goods into Canada than any other line save the Grand Trunk, to introduce which latter into British Columbia the Corbin scheme was intended.

Col. Gregory came next and insisted that everything he said was the absolute truth, though no one had questioned his veracity. He then spoke of what had been called the pack of hounds and their master, Mr. Joseph Martin, at the crack of whose whip the government pack are supposed to start. He deprecated the use of such questionable names as applied to members, but thought the present opposition were really the hounds, who snarled like curs when Mr. Martin shook his whip. Reference to the telegram sent by Mr. Turner in November, 1896, to Nelson, stating that a sum of 2½ per cent. on the output of the coal mine was to be paid to the company, was made, and the remark that the law had not been made to apply to mines then in operation—the Vancouver Coal Co., of Nanaimo, and the Wellington mines. The cost of statute revision, which had been undertaken by the predecessor, there, the late ministry, was mentioned. Passing on to the question of Chinese employed underground in mines, Mr. Gregory stated that up to the very last day of the official life of the late inspector of coal mines, Chinese had been so employed, and on the new inspection visit of the underground workings, he found none underground. This being explained by a visitor from Wellington present at the meeting, arose from the fact that at that time in these mines at least, no Chinese had been employed underground for over a year, which may go to show that Mr. Gregory must be careful of his prized reputation for veracity.

The Colonel took his seat to the martial strains of "Rule Britannia," and then came the funny man of the evening—Mr. Henderson, of New Westminster—who explained to the audience why he was now found on the right of Mr. Speaker. He pointed out that the most important party for any money with which to conduct his campaign, and declared that, although he was a comparatively poor man, he had not touched a cent of what had been expended in conducting his campaign. Mr. Henderson, by telling complete his statement, however, by telling what he knew of the applications made by his friends for funds to be used in his election, and of the amount which he knew to have been received. Almost any candidate could make the same denial of personal application.

For a brief five minutes Mr. Paterson told something of what he knew of the building of the V. & S. railway, for the construction of which he had been the contractor. The line still owed him, he said, \$25,000, which conveyed the idea that perhaps it might be liquidated if he can only secure the adoption of his pet theory—the government ownership of railways. Mr. Paterson said that if he had been a citizen of Victoria at the time the project of building the V. & S. railway was voted upon, he would have opposed it unless the entire line on the Mainland had been included.

Hon. Joseph Martin then made his entry from the right wing, to the music of "See the Conquering Hero." He first of all paid his compliments to the Colonist, in which respect he only faithfully followed the example of the majority of the evening's speakers. He regretted, however, that he got no benefit from the paper, because he said he did not read it, which may convey the impression that part of the official duty of the departmental secretary is to hand the morning paper to his chief, as he seemed to have a tolerably fair acquaintance with what it stated. He deprecated the introduction of any sectional feeling, and reminded the electors that as the province grew it would be necessary to readjust the representation, and it was absolute folly to suppose that the present relative representation of the Island and Mainland could be insisted on.

Mr. Martin, taking up the Placer Mines bill, said he thought that there was no doubt but what the Liberal government at Ottawa would disallow it, but he intended to assert the province's right to reserve the gold for Canadians.

750 Boys' Suits reduced to \$1.55. B. Williams & Co.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

CURE RHEUMATISM AND SCIATICA.

A VICTIM OF RHEUMATISM.

A Young Farmer Tells of the Agony He Endured From This Painful Malady.

Mr. Samuel Francis, a young farmer living on the farm of his brother, near Northcote, in Renfrew County, says:—

"About three years ago the cows got into a grain field at night, and I was called up to put them out. In doing so I got thoroughly wet, and when I arose the next morning my limbs were so stiff that I could scarcely move them. I was thoroughly rubbed with liniment, but



without any effect. Mustard plasters were then tried, with equally poor results. By this time I was suffering great pain, and a doctor was called in. He said the trouble was rheumatism, and off and on for nearly two years he doctor me with no material improvement. Then I decided to discontinue the doctor and give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. These I took, two after each meal, for nearly six months, at the expiration of which time every symptom of the trouble had left me. It is now nearly two years since I was cured, and I have in that interval done farm work in all kinds of weather, without feeling a twinge of the trouble, so that there can be no doubt the cure is permanent. Anyone who is suffering from his complaint will save money and hours of suffering by at once beginning the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

HAD TO USE CRUTCHES.

Mr. E. J. Dall, Hecla, Man., writes:—

"I take great pleasure in making known the good results that have followed the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in my case. Three years ago while working in the bush I was so severely attacked with rheumatism that I was hardly able to reach my home. I suffered terribly, and for three months was unable to walk about without crutches. I consulted several doctors, used an electric belt, and tried a number of remedies, but found no benefit. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and had not used them long before I was fully convinced they were the remedy I needed. My health steadily improved, and my recovery is complete. I have no hesitations in recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all who suffer from rheumatism, and would urge that such sufferers should not waste time with other remedies, when they have a sure cure in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

He did not think that the bill would have the effect of keeping out capital.

During the course of his address he made no reference to the constitutional question, and closed his remarks by asking the electors to put aside all petty questions and return three men to strengthen his hands.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A SCHOOL TEACHER'S POSITION.

Sir: Without desiring publicity, I feel constrained to reply to Mr. Jeeves' letter, as that gentleman's views seem rather obscure regarding my actions at the theatre on the night in question. It is apparent that Mr. Jeeves cannot distinguish between official and private conduct, for he is appalled at my behavior in joining with others in hissing on the appearance of Mr. Turner on a public platform. Now, why should I be singled out for his abuse? I am sure no one is prepared to accord greater respect to Mr. Turner than myself; but in his official capacity as leader of the opposition I maintain that, everything being fair in war, I have a perfect right to express my disapproval of his political views just as much as any other citizen. I have no objection to being active in civic politics, and naturally so; but in provincial matters I claim to exercise the full rights of British citizenship, without degrading myself as others had done in their zeal for Turanism by using vile epithets and acting unbecomingly at that very meeting.

JNO. J. STEPHENSON.

THE V. V. & E. RAILWAY.

Sir: I notice in a report of Mr. Paterson's speech at Spring Ridge, he said that the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern railway is dead, and he begged to inform Mr. Paterson that the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern railway is not dead, but very much alive, notwithstanding what Mr. Paterson says to the contrary.

With Mr. Paterson the wish is father to the thought. Is it not a fact that the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern railway is dead, and is being revived by the late government of this province to the amount of \$4,000 per mile from Point Roberts to Boundary Creek, and the company have gone on with actual construction from Penticton to Boundary, as agreed upon.

I have only just returned from Ottawa, where with others I presented the scheme to the federal ministers, and have every reason to believe a substantial subsidy will be given by them.

Now, these are the facts of the case, and for what reason do Mr. Paterson and his associates declare the project dead? Only in the hope they may influence the present government to hand over the undertaking. The electors of

Victoria should bear this in mind, and that this is the only route that will bring us in line with the southern port of the Mainland, and open to us the trade of the rich mineral country of the Rossland and Boundary districts.

The route is the same as that known as the DeCosmos scheme, with the extension into the Kootenay, and no railroad propositions offer to the people of Victoria greater advantages and so quick communication to the interior of the province as it does. When the road is completed, any one may leave Victoria at 7 o'clock in the morning and reach Rossland that same night. When such is the case, why oppose such a project, and why should the electors of Victoria support Mr. Paterson and his associates? Mr. Paterson's idea is to kill the scheme if he and his friends can do it, and for many years set back the chances of Victoria obtaining quick communication to the Mainland.

G. L. MILNE.

For the next three days, dress goods at your own prices, at the Sterling, 88 Yates street.

Judge Felton of the Georgia supreme court recently adjourned court because one of the witnesses preferred, instead of testifying, to keep an engagement to be married.

Mrs. George P. Greeley of Vermont, a sister of Admiral Dewey, recently received a letter from him, in which he said that he was in perfect health.

In Name Only

Is There a Difference Between Deadly Consumption and

Catarrh

Though catarrh and consumption are looked upon as very different diseases, consumption is in reality catarrh of the lungs.

Consumption is the natural result of neglected catarrh, which eats its way along the air passages until it enters the lungs and begins its ravages there.

Catarrh can be cured in a few weeks or months at the longest by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

Nothing and healing in its effects. Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure is wonderfully effective as a positive cure for catarrh. It clears the air passages, relieves the pressure which causes headache, stops the drooping in the throat and prevents consumption.

Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure is the only 25 cent catarrh cure, with blower included, and is sold by all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's new illustrated book, "The Ills of Life and How to Cure Them," sent free to your address.

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd

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Iron, Steel, Nails, etc., Pipe, Fittings, etc.

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THE PANGS OF SCIATICA.

Mrs. Palmer, of Fenlon Falls, Confined to Her

Why?

